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Redfin Reports Affordability For U.S. Starter Homes Improves Slightly Faster Than Overall Market

- *The income needed to afford a typical U.S. starter home is down 1.5% from a year ago, marking eight straight months of declines as price growth cools.*
- *The median U.S. household now earns about \$17,000 more than what's needed to afford a starter home, up from \$12,500 a year ago.*
- *Austin leads the nation in improving starter-home affordability, while Detroit, Philadelphia and Cleveland are becoming less affordable—though typical local households can still generally afford starter homes.*

SEATTLE — Aug. 5, 2026 — Americans need to earn \$70,693 to afford the typical U.S. starter home, down 1.5% from a year ago, according to a new [report](#) from [Redfin](#), the real estate brokerage powered by Rocket. The income needed to afford a starter home—those in the 5th to 35th percentile for sale prices—has been falling since November 2025.

But the declines are shrinking; in January, for instance, the income needed to afford a starter home fell 5.3% year over year. That's largely because mortgage rates have risen throughout 2026, pushing up housing costs.

Redfin considers a home affordable if a buyer taking out a mortgage would spend no more than 30% of their income on their monthly housing payment. Starter homes are those in the 5th to 35th percentile for sale prices. This is based on a Redfin analysis of median home sale prices, prevailing mortgage rates and property-tax payments, and assumes a 15% down payment. This report focuses on June 2026—the most recent period for which data is available.

The typical American household earns an estimated \$87,599, about \$17,000 more than what's needed to buy the median-priced U.S. starter home. That gap is widening: A year ago, the typical American earned roughly \$12,500 more than they needed to buy a starter home.

Affordability is improving more for entry-level homes than for the housing market as a whole. Americans need to [earn \\$109,796](#) to afford the typical U.S. home for sale, down just 0.5% from an all-time high of \$110,382 a year ago.

Affordability is improving a bit faster for starter homes because their prices are increasing at a slower rate; the median price rose 1.2% year over year in June, compared with a [2.2% increase](#) for all homes. The typical household earns about \$22,000 less than they need to buy the median-priced home in the overall market. The discrepancy is partly because the overall market is driven by [outsized price increases](#) in the luxury segment, and outsized price increases in places like San Francisco and West Palm Beach, where affluent buyers are active. At the same time, some would-be buyers of starter homes are pulling back because they typically earn less money and are more sensitive to affordability pressures.

While starter-home affordability has improved modestly, it is still strained, with sale prices near record highs and mortgage rates elevated near 7%—and it is becoming even more strained, with rates hitting their highest level in a year at the end of July. Even though starter homes cost less than others, they're still often out of reach for first-time buyers, especially in expensive markets like coastal California and New York. First-time buyers are also competing with move-up buyers, who typically have equity from previous sales, for starter homes.

“Affordability has improved modestly for entry-level buyers, but starter homes come with tradeoffs, and finding the right one is a challenge,” said [Yingqi Xu](#), a senior economist at Redfin. “The first-time buyers who are in the market are already stretching their budgets to afford monthly mortgage payments, so they're hesitant to take on expensive renovations. Move-in ready starter homes attract strong demand, while fixer-uppers aren't quite as desirable because the buyers who are typically in the market for an inexpensive home don't have much financial cushion for renovations.”

Every Single Starter-Home Listing Is Affordable in Almost Half of the Biggest U.S. Metros

All starter-home listings are affordable on the area's median income in nearly half of the metros in this analysis, mostly in the south and Middle America.

Here's the full list of 22 metro areas: Austin, Fort Worth, Charlotte, Dallas, Virginia Beach, Houston, Montgomery County, PA, Washington, D.C., San Antonio, Jacksonville, Milwaukee, Columbus, Cincinnati, Kansas City, Philadelphia, Indianapolis, Baltimore, Warren, Cleveland, St. Louis, Pittsburgh, Detroit.

In Detroit, the median-earning household would spend just 13.9% on a starter home, the smallest share in the U.S., followed by Pittsburgh (14.8%) and St. Louis (14.9%).

In California, Starter Homes Are Out of Reach

While starter homes are affordable in much of the country, they are almost impossible for average locals to buy in the most expensive markets.

In three California metro areas—San Diego, Los Angeles and San Francisco—there are virtually zero starter-home listings affordable on the area's median income. In Anaheim, just 2.6% of starter-home listings are affordable to the typical resident, and in San Jose, it's 7.4%.

In Los Angeles, a household earning the median income would spend 51% of their income on a starter home, the highest share of the metros in this analysis. Next come two other California metros: Anaheim (47.6%) and San Francisco (47.3%).

In the Bay Area, the typical starter home costs nearly \$1 million, making it tough for even someone earning the area's high median income to afford. In San Diego and Los Angeles, the typical starter home costs roughly \$650,000, putting it out of reach for people earning the median income in those places—which is lower than in the Bay Area, but higher than nationwide.

Starter Homes Are Becoming More Affordable in Most of the Country

Starter-home affordability is improving in 30 of the nation's 50 most populous metro areas. In Austin, TX, homebuyers needed to earn \$92,607 to afford a median-priced home, down 6.1% year over year—the biggest decline of the metros in this analysis.

Oakland, CA had the second-biggest decline: Buyers there must earn \$162,765 down 6% year over year. Dallas, where buyers must earn \$83,096, down 5.1%, rounds out the top three.

On the flip side, it got *harder* to afford a starter home in Detroit, where buyers must earn 8.3% more than a year ago. It's followed by Cleveland (6.1% more) and Nassau County, NY (3.7% more). Still, buyers in Detroit and Cleveland, which are relatively affordable, typically earn much more than necessary to afford a starter home. In Detroit, for instance, the typical local household earns \$65,687, versus the \$30,511 necessary to afford the median-priced starter home.

To view the full report, including charts and additional metro-level data, please visit:
<https://www.redfin.com/news/starter-home-affordability-improving-2026/>

About Redfin

Redfin is a technology-driven real estate company with the country's most-visited real estate brokerage website. As part of Rocket Companies (NYSE: RKT), Redfin is creating an integrated homeownership platform from search to close to make the dream of homeownership more affordable and accessible for everyone. Redfin's clients can see homes first with on-demand tours, easily apply for a home loan with Rocket Mortgage, and save thousands in fees while working with a top local agent.

You can find more information about Redfin and get the latest housing market data and research at <https://www.redfin.com/news>. For more information about Rocket Companies, visit <https://www.rocketcompanies.com>.

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